Site Specific Green Belt Assessment

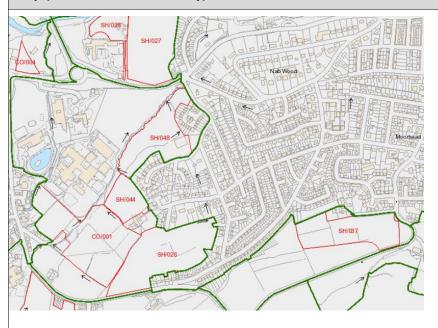
Site Reference: SH/026 Site Name: Glenview Drive, Bankfield Road, Nabwood, Shipley 6.23

Sub Area:Regional City of BradfordSettlement:Shipley

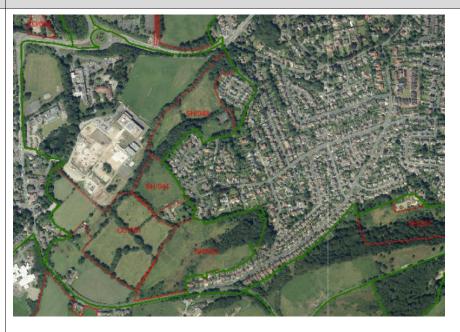
Site Description:

The site consists of open sloping grassland with areas of mature trees. The site slopes from down west to east. There are residential uses to the north, east and southeast, with a listed farm building to the north. There are open fields to the west. The site adjoins the existing built up area of Shipley to the West of the settlement. The site's boundaries are comprised of existing development to the north and east, main road (B6269) to the south and field boundaries (mature trees/hedges) to the west. The site is located to the within of green belt parcel 26.

Map (Parcel and Site Boundary):



Aerial (Site Boundary):



PDL Status: Greenfield Accessibility: TBC SA Score: TBC

Strategic Parcel Assessment Results:					
Parcel Reference:	026	Overall Rating:	Moderate		
Purpose 1: To check the unrestricted sprawl of large built-up areas.	Purpose 2: To prevent neighbouring towns merging into one another.	Purpose 3: To assist in safeguarding the countryside from encroachment.	Purpose 4: To preserve the setting and special character of historic towns.	Purpose 5: To assist in urban regeneration, by encouraging the recycling of derelict and other urban land.	
Major	Moderate	Moderate	Low	Moderate	
Site Specific Assessment Resu	ılts:				
Assessment Summary:					
Purpose 1: To check the unrestricted sprawl of large built-up areas.	Purpose 2: To prevent neighbouring towns merging into one another.	Purpose 3: To assist in safeguarding the countryside from encroachment.	Purpose 4: To preserve the setting and special character of historic towns.	Purpose 5: To assist in urban regeneration, by encouraging the recycling of derelict and other urban land.	
The site is connected to Shipley, which is defined as a large built up area. The site is connected to Shipley along two boundaries and is partly contained along the southern boundary and is therefore moderately	The existing inner Green Belt boundary is a weak boundary lacking durability (existing development). Based on existing outer boundaries the site would provide a mixed moderate boundary (strong, moderate and weak boundaries comprised main road, continuous band of trees and field boundaries).	The site consists of open land and areas of trees adjoining the urban area. The site comprises of countryside uses with no built form on site. The site therefore plays a major role in safeguarding the countryside from encroachment.	The site is separated from the Shipley/Saltaire historic core by post WW2 development. It does not play a role in supporting the character or views into and out of the historic core as there are no views from the parcel to the historic core	All sites are considered to score moderately against Purpose 5.	

Overall Summary of Purpose Assessment:	Based on planning judgement t	the site performs a <u>major</u> role o	overall when assessed against th	ne NPPF Green Belt purposes.
Moderate	Major	Major	Low	Moderate
	The green belt in this location plays a major role in preventing neighbouring towns from merging.			
	Belt designation between the			
	entering Shipley along the main road due to the Green			
	separation of leaving and			
	a perception and visual			
	with some inter visibility between the towns. There is			
cris criterion.	towards a neighbouring town			
moderate contribution to this criterion.	where the Green Belt has resisted ribbon development			
Therefore, the site makes a	road (Cottingley Cliffe Road)			
	The site is adjacent a main			
boundaries.	distance between towns.			
existing development with soft, irregular or inconsistent	the perceived or actual distance between towns.			
boundary comprised of	would significantly reduce			
The site has a weak inner	Cottingley as development			
	between Shipley and			
urban area.	that forms an essential gap			

Boundary Strength - Existing (inner) Boundary: (Strong: defensible boundary; Moderate: less defensible boundary; Weak: boundaries lacking in durability; Entirely Undefined)	Weak: boundaries lacking in durability	The existing (inner) Green Belt boundary is a weak boundary in the form of rear gardens of existing development with soft, irregular or inconsistent boundaries
Boundary Strength – Potential new boundary (based on the full extent of the site): (Strong: defensible boundary; Moderate: less defensible boundary; Weak: boundaries lacking in durability; Entirely Undefined)	Moderate: less defensible boundary Mix of: Strong: Defensible boundaries, moderate less defensible boundaries and Weak: boundaries lacking in durability	If the site were developed and removed from the Green Belt, there would be potential to create a strong boundary to the south (main road), moderate boundaries to the west (existing continuous landscape features) and weak boundary to the north (poorly defined existing development), which would provide similar durability to the existing inner green belt boundary. The site and adjoining Green Belt land to the west comprise of open fields. There is no major change in topography or landform along the outer boundaries. There are some existing landscape features (continuous tree belts), which could be used to create a new boundary. The use of landscape buffers may therefore be appropriate in this location.
Boundary Strength – could an alternative site boundary be drawn to produce a potentially stronger or more logical Green Belt boundary?: (Strong: defensible boundary; Moderate: less defensible boundary; Weak: boundaries lacking in durability; Entirely Undefined)	N/A	There are no existing features within the site which could be used to define a stronger boundary than the existing Green Belt boundary
Potential for Sprawl:	The site is connected to the un therefore moderately contained	ban area of Shipley along two boundaries on the western side of the settlement. The site is ed by the existing urban area.

Development of the site would breach a weak existing (inner) green belt boundary. The site's existing outer boundaries to the north and west are a moderate and weak mixed boundary, which could potentially use existing landscape features to create a new defensible boundary along this edge that may resist unrestricted sprawl. The southern boundary is strong (main road) and likely to resist unrestricted sprawl.

The site would be an extension of Shipley to the west. The development would not extend beyond the existing settlement boundaries to the north or south.

Development of the site therefore has moderate potential for unrestricted sprawl into the wider Green Belt to the west of the site.

Moderate

Impact on Openness:

This site consists of undeveloped/open land with areas of trees. There is no built form on the site. Due to topography and existing landscape features there are views from (and into) the site across the wider Green Belt and beyond. The site is visible from the main road (Cottingley Cliffe Road) and there is a perception and visual separation of leaving and entering Shipley along the main road due to the Green Belt designation between the towns (Cottingley). Development of the site would have a major impact on openness in this location.

Major

Opportunities for compensatory improvement to the environmental quality and accessibility of the Green Belt: There are green infrastructure corridors to the south in and a PROW running adjacent the site to the west, which may present an opportunity to provide greater access and improvements to the wider Green Belt. There are also a number of biodiversity assets and habitat networks (TPO Woodland and Woodland habitat network) within the green belt in close proximity, which could be enhanced through improvements to the surrounding Green Belt land.

Site Specific Assessment Summary – Impact on the Green Belt: **Purposes:** This site performs a major role against the purposes of including land within the Green Belt. It performs a major role in safeguarding the countryside from encroachment. It performs a moderate role in checking unrestricted sprawl, minor role in preserving the setting and special character of historic towns and major role in preventing neighbouring towns from merging into one another.

Sprawl: The site is connected to the settlement along one boundary and is poorly contained by the existing urban area. Development of the site would breach a weak existing (inner) green belt boundary. There is potential for a new moderate boundary to be created to the north and west using existing landscape features if this site was to be developed, and strong

defensible boundary to the south which would be likely to resist sprawl. The site would therefore have moderate potential further sprawl into the wider Green Belt.

Openness: The site performs a major local role in terms of the openness of the Green Belt with no built form on-site and views across to (and from) the wider landscape due to topography and existing landscape features.

Boundary Strength. The existing (inner) Green Belt boundary is a weak boundary lacking durability. The site's (outer) southern boundary is a strong defensible boundary and northern and western boundary could form a moderate Green Belt boundary using existing landscape features.

Compensatory Improvements: There are opportunities for improvements to be made to the surrounding Green Belt – particularly in terms of improving PROW and GI links to the wider Green Belt to the west that are adjacent the site and the biodiversity assets that are in close proximity in the surrounding Green Belt land.

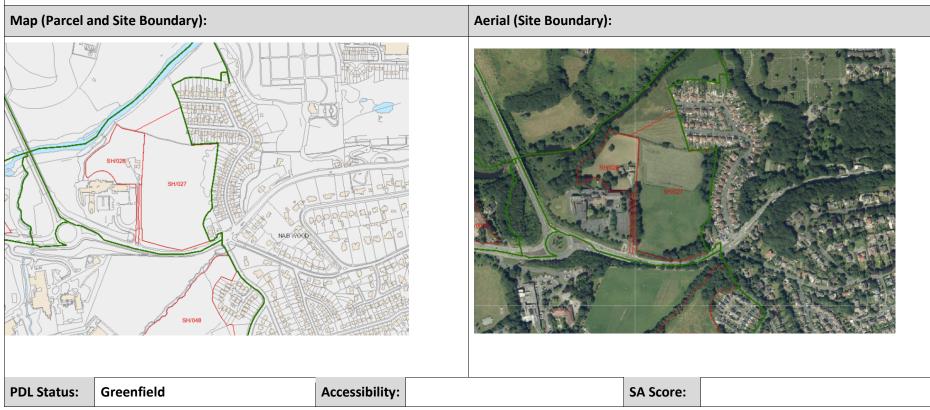
Overall Conclusion:

The site is located in a moderate Green Belt Parcel and:

Based on planning judgement the site has a <u>major</u> potential impact on the Green Belt.

Site Specific Green Belt Assessment Site Reference: SH/027 Site Name: Bingley Road, Nabwood Size (ha): 5.31 Sub Area: Regional City of Bradford Settlement: Shipley Site Description:

The site consists of open fields bounded by a trees and residential properties to the east. The site adjoins the existing built up area of Shipley to the west. The site is bounded by Bradford Road to the south. There is hotel located directly to the west. The site is located to the south east of green belt parcel 21.



Strategic Parcel Assessment Results:						
Parcel Reference:	021	Overall Rating:	Moderate			
Purpose 1: To check the unrestricted sprawl of large built-up areas.	Purpose 2: To prevent neighbouring towns merging into one another.	Purpose 3: To assist in safeguarding the countryside from encroachment.	Purpose 4: To preserve the setting and special character of historic towns.	Purpose 5: To assist in urban regeneration, by encouraging the recycling of derelict and other urban land.		
Moderate	Major	Moderate	Low	Moderate		
Site Specific Assessment Res	Site Specific Assessment Results: Assessment Summary:					
Purpose 1: To check the unrestricted sprawl of large built-up areas.	Purpose 2: To prevent neighbouring towns merging into one another.	Purpose 3: To assist in safeguarding the countryside from encroachment.	Purpose 4: To preserve the setting and special character of historic towns.	Purpose 5: To assist in urban regeneration, by encouraging the recycling of derelict and other urban land.		
The eastern boundary is connected to Shipley, which is defined as a large built up area. The site is connected to Shipley along one boundary and is therefore poorly contained.	The existing inner Green Belt boundary is a weak boundary lacking durability (existing development with soft, irregular or inconsistent boundaries.) Based on existing outer boundaries the site would provide a mix of stronger defensible boundaries (made	The site consists of open fields adjoining the urban area. The site comprises of countryside uses with single building in rural use. The site therefore plays a major role in safeguarding the countryside from encroachment.	The site is separated from the Shipley/Saltaire historic core by post WW2 development. It does not play a role in supporting the character or views into and out of the historic core as there are no views from the parcel to the historic core.	All sites are considered to score moderately against Purpose 5.		

The site has a weak existing (inner) boundary to the urban area which is comprised existing development with soft, irregular or inconsistent boundaries. Therefore, the parcel makes a moderate contribution to this criterion.	road to the western outer boundary) and weak green belt boundaries (field boundaries and existing farm development with soft, irregular or inconsistent boundaries) and entirely undefined northern boundary, which would provide similar durability. The site is within a parcel that forms an essential gap between Shipley and Cottingley as development would significantly reduce the perceived or actual distance between towns. The site is adjacent a road (Bradford Road) where the Green Belt has resisted ribbon development towards a neighbouring town with limited inter visibility between the towns. The green belt in this location plays a major role in preventing neighbouring towns from merging.	Major	Low	Moderate
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Overall Summary of Purpose Assessment:	Based on planning judgement	the site performs a <u>major</u> role overall when assessed against the NPPF Green Belt purposes.
Boundary Strength - Existing (inner) Boundary: (Strong: defensible boundary; Moderate: less defensible boundary; Weak: boundaries lacking in durability; Entirely Undefined)	Weak: boundaries lacking in durability	The existing inner Green Belt boundary is a weak boundary lacking durability in the form of rear gardens existing development with soft, irregular or inconsistent boundaries.
Boundary Strength – Potential new boundary (based on the full extent of the site): (Strong: defensible boundary; Moderate: less defensible boundary; Weak: boundaries lacking in durability; Entirely Undefined)	Weak: boundaries lacking in durability Mix of strong: defensible boundary/ Weak: boundaries lacking in durability/ Entirely Undefined	If the site were developed and removed from the Green Belt, there would be potential to create a mix of stronger defensible boundaries to the south and west (major/minor road), and weak green belt boundaries (field boundaries and existing farm development with soft, irregular or inconsistent boundaries) to the North West and entirely undefined boundary to the north, which would provide similar durability to the existing inner green belt boundary. The site and adjoining Green Belt land to the west comprise of open pasture fields and change to hotel use, there is no major change in topography. There are some strong and moderate landscape features including the River Aire to the north and belts of continuous tress to the west. The use of landscape buffers may be appropriate in this location
Boundary Strength – could an alternative site boundary be drawn to produce a potentially stronger or more logical Green Belt boundary?: (Strong: defensible boundary; Moderate: less defensible boundary; Weak:	Potential	A stronger green Belt boundary could be formed by extending the northern boundary to the River Aire which provides a strong landscape feature likely to be durable and resist sprawl. Within the site there is an existing field boundary to the north which would provide a stronger boundary than the current entirely undefined boundary albeit still a weak green belt boundary. A stronger boundary to the west could be formed if the boundary if the western boundary was combined with adjoining site Shipley 028.

boundaries lacking in durability; Entirely Undefined)	
Potential for Sprawl:	The site is connected to the urban area of Shipley along one boundary on the western side of the settlement. The site is therefore poorly contained by the existing urban area.
	Development of the site would breach a weak existing (inner) green belt boundary. The site's existing outer boundaries to the south west and south along the roads are a strong defensible boundary that would likely resist further sprawl. To the north west and north the boundary is a weak less defensible mixed boundary, which is entirely undefined in part that would be lacking in durability with potential for unrestricted sprawl. However, there are significant landscape buffers including the River Aire and continuous tree belts to the north and west which would restrict further sprawl. The use of significant landscape buffers may therefore be appropriate in this location to create a new durable green Belt boundary. The site would be an extension of Shipley to the west along the Bradford Road and would join with the existing hotel buildings washed over by the Green belt to the west. The development site would not extend beyond the existing settlement boundaries to the north. Development of the site therefore has moderate potential for unrestricted sprawl into the wider Green Belt to the north and west of the site.
	Moderate
Impact on Openness:	This site consists of an undeveloped/open field. There is very limited built form on the site. Due to topography and existing landscape features there are views from (and into) the site across the wider Green Belt and beyond. The site is visible from the main road (Bradford Road) on the main entrance to Shipley although partly screened by trees and existing wall. There is a perception and visual separation of leaving and entering Shipley along the main road due to the Green Belt designation between the towns (Cottingley). Development of the site would have a major impact on the openness of the Green Belt.
	Major
Opportunities for compensatory improvement to the environmental	There are existing PROW and green infrastructure corridors running through the site, which may present an opportunity to provide greater access and improvements to the wider Green Belt. There are also a number of biodiversity assets within

quality and accessibility of the Green Belt:	the green belt to the West and North and habitat networks (including the river Aire and TPO woodland) in close proximity to the site which could be enhanced through improvements to the surrounding Green Belt land.
Site Specific Assessment Summary – Impact on the Green Belt:	Purposes: The site performs a major role against the purposes of including land within the Green Belt. It performs a major role in safeguarding the countryside from encroachment. It performs a moderate role in checking unrestricted sprawl, minor role in preserving the setting and special character of historic towns and major role in preventing neighbouring towns from merging into one another Sprawl: The site is connected to the settlement along only one boundary and is not strongly contained by the existing urban area. Development of the site would breach a weak existing green belt boundary. There is potential for a new strong defensible boundary to be created to the south west and south if this site was to be developed, which would be likely to resist sprawl. The existing outer boundary to the north west and north is a weak less boundary lacking durability, which is entirely undefined in part. The site would therefore have moderate potential further sprawl into the wider Green Belt. Openness: The site performs a major role in terms of the openness of the Green Belt with very limited built form on-site and views across to (and from) the wider landscape. Boundary Strength: The existing (inner) Green Belt boundary is a weak boundary lacking durability. The site's western and southern site boundary could form a new strong Green Belt boundary. The existing north western and northern boundary is a weak boundary, which would require a new defensible green belt boundary to be created. The use of landscape buffers maybe appropriate in this location. Compensatory Improvements: There are opportunities for improvements to be made to the surrounding Green Belt — particularly in terms of improving the PROW and GI links to the wider Green Belt to the west that are through the site and the biodiversity assets that are in close proximity in the surrounding Green Belt land.
Overall Conclusion:	The site is located in a moderate green belt parcel and:
	Based on planning judgement the site has a <u>major</u> potential impact on the Green Belt.

Site Specific Green Belt Assessment						
Site Reference:	SH/037	Site Name:	Hollin Hall Farm, High Banl	k Lane, Shipley	Size (ha):	
Sub Area:	Regional City of	Bradford	Settlement:	Shipley		

Site Description:

The site consists of open grassland with large areas of mature trees to the south. The southern part of the site slopes steeply from down from south to north. The boundaries of the site are comprised of a large area of mature woodland to the south and main road (High Bank Lane). The boundaries to the east and west are entirely undefined in part. There is existing residential uses to the north and east. The site adjoins the existing built up area of Shipley to the south of the settlement. The site is located to the north east of green belt parcel 30.



Aerial (Site Boundary):



PDL Status:	Greenfield	Accessibility:	TBC	SA Score:	ТВС

Strategic Parcel Assessment I	Strategic Parcel Assessment Results:						
Parcel Reference:	030	Overall Rating:	Moderate				
Purpose 1: To check the unrestricted sprawl of large built-up areas.	Purpose 2: To prevent neighbouring towns merging into one another.	Purpose 3: To assist in safeguarding the countryside from encroachment.	Purpose 4: To preserve the setting and special character of historic towns.	Purpose 5: To assist in urban regeneration, by encouraging the recycling of derelict and other urban land.			
Moderate	low	Moderate	Moderate	Moderate			
Site Specific Assessment Resu Assessment Summary:	ults:						
Purpose 1: To check the unrestricted sprawl of large built-up areas.	Purpose 2: To prevent neighbouring towns merging into one another.	Purpose 3: To assist in safeguarding the countryside from encroachment.	Purpose 4: To preserve the setting and special character of historic towns.	Purpose 5: To assist in urban regeneration, by encouraging the recycling of derelict and other urban land.			
The site is connected to Shipley, which is defined as a large built up area. The site is connected to Shipley along one boundary and is therefore poorly	The existing inner Green Belt boundary is a mixed moderate boundary (road and existing development with soft, irregular or inconsistent boundaries) Based on existing outer boundaries the site would	The site consists of open land and areas of trees adjoining the urban area. The site comprises of countryside uses with no built form on site. The site therefore plays a major role in safeguarding	The site is separated from the Shipley/Saltaire historic core by post WW2 development. It does not play a role in supporting the character or views into and out of the historic core as there are no views from the site to the historic core due	All sites are considered to score moderately against Purpose 5.			

contained by the existing urban area. The site has mixed moderate inner boundary comprised of a strong boundary (Hollin Hall Road) and weak existing (inner) boundary to the urban area which is comprised existing development with soft, irregular or inconsistent boundaries. Therefore, the	provide a mixed moderate boundary which would provide similar durability. The site is within a parcel that forms a less essential gap between Shipley and Bradford where development may be possible without significant risk of merging. The site is adjacent a road (High Bank Lane) where the Green Belt has resisted ribbon development	the countryside from encroachment.	to topography and landscape features.	
site makes a moderate contribution to this criterion.	towards a neighbouring town with no inter visibility between the towns due to topography and existing landscape features. The green belt in this location plays a moderate role in preventing neighbouring towns from merging.			
Moderate	Moderate	Major	Low	Moderate
Overall Summary of Purpose Assessment:	Based on planning judgement purposes.	the site performs a <u>moderate</u> ro	ole overall when assessed again	st the NPPF Green Belt

Boundary Strength - Existing (inner) Boundary: (Strong: defensible boundary; Moderate: less defensible boundary; Weak: boundaries lacking in durability; Entirely Undefined)	Moderate: less defensible boundary Mix of Strong: defensible boundary and Weak: boundaries lacking in durability	The existing inner Green Belt boundary is a moderate less defensible boundary in the form of rear gardens of existing development with soft, irregular or inconsistent boundaries and road.
Boundary Strength – Potential new boundary (based on the full extent of the site): (Strong: defensible boundary; Moderate: less defensible boundary; Weak: boundaries lacking in durability; Entirely Undefined)	Moderate: less defensible boundary	If the site were developed and removed from the Green Belt, there would be potential to create moderate boundaries to the south (strongly defined landscape features and road), which would provide similar durability to the existing inner green belt boundary. The boundaries to the west, east and parts of the south are entirely undefined. The site and adjoining Green Belt land to the south comprise of open grassland, road and trees and there are existing landscape features which could be used to create a new boundary. The use of landscape buffers may therefore be appropriate in this location.
Boundary Strength – could an alternative site boundary be drawn to produce a potentially stronger or more logical Green Belt boundary?:	Potential	There are existing features within the site (continuous bank of trees) which could be used to define a stronger boundary than the proposed Green Belt boundary

(Strong: defensible boundary; Moderate: less defensible boundary; Weak: boundaries lacking in durability; Entirely Undefined)	
Potential for Sprawl:	The site is connected to the urban area of Shipley along one boundary on the southern side of the settlement. The site is therefore poorly contained by the existing urban area. Development of the site would breach a moderate (mixed) existing (inner) green belt boundary. The site's existing (outer) boundaries to the south are a moderate boundary, which could potentially use existing landscape features to create a new defensible boundary along this edge that is likely to resist unrestricted sprawl. The boundary to the west and east are entirely undefined in part, though there are two strong existing features (High Bank Lane and Nab Wood Drive in close proximity which would restrict further sprawl to the east and west. The site would be an extension of Shipley to the South. The development would not extend beyond the existing settlement
	boundaries. Development of the site therefore has moderate potential for unrestricted sprawl into the wider Green Belt to the west of the site. Moderate
Impact on Openness:	This site consists of undeveloped/open land with large areas of trees. There is no built form on the site. Due to topography and existing landscape features there are limited views from (and into) the site across the wider Green Belt and beyond. The site is only partly visible from the main road of High Bank Lane. Development of the site would have a major local impact on openness in this location but a moderate impact on the openness of the wider strategic Green Belt.
	Moderate
Opportunities for compensatory improvement to the environmental	There are green infrastructure corridors and a PROW running adjacent the site, which may present an opportunity to provide greater access and improvements to the wider Green Belt. There are also a number of biodiversity assets and habitat network (TPO Woodland) to the south within the green belt in close proximity which could be enhanced through improvements to the surrounding Green Belt land.

quality and accessibility of the Green Belt:	
Site Specific Assessment Summary – Impact on the Green Belt:	Purposes: This site performs a moderate role against the purposes of including land within the Green Belt. It performs a major role in safeguarding the countryside from encroachment. It performs a moderate role in checking unrestricted sprawl, minor role in preserving the setting and special character of historic towns and moderate role in preventing neighbouring towns from merging into one another. Sprawl: The site is connected to the settlement along one boundary and is poorly contained by the existing urban area. Development of the site would breach a weak existing (inner) green belt boundary. There is potential for a new moderate boundary to be created to the south using existing landscape features if this site was to be developed, which would be likely to resist sprawl. The site would therefore have moderate potential further sprawl into the wider Green Belt. Openness: The site performs a major local role in terms of the openness of the Green Belt with no built form on-site and moderate role in regards to the wider strategic Green Belt with very limited views across to (and from) the wider landscape due to topography and existing landscape features. Boundary Strength. The existing (inner) Green Belt boundary is a moderate less defensible boundary. The site's southern boundary could form a new moderate Green Belt boundary using existing landscape features. The boundaries to the east and west are entirely undefined in part and would require a new green belt boundary to be created. Compensatory Improvements: There are opportunities for improvements to be made to the surrounding Green Belt — particularly in terms of improving PROW and GI links to the wider Green Belt that are through and adjacent the site and the biodiversity assets that are in close proximity in the surrounding Green Belt land.
Overall Conclusion:	The site is located in a <u>moderate</u> Green Belt Parcel and: Based on planning judgement the site has a <u>moderate</u> potential impact on the Green Belt.

Site Specific Green Belt Assessment							
Site Reference:	SH/041	Site Name:	Former Tannery, Hollins Hill Works, Hollins Hill Size (ha): 1.79				
Sub Area:	Regional City of	Bradford		Settlement:	Shipley		

Site Description:

The site predominantly consists of in use car sales, repairs business. There is a stream and areas of mature trees running through the centre of the site and vacant areas of grassland to the north. The boundaries to the site are comprised a main road to the west (Otley Road), the southern boundary is largely entirely undefined and the northern and eastern boundaries are mainly formed by field boundaries/hedgerows. There is a golf driving range to the south west, gypsy and traveller site to the south and open fields to the east. The site adjoins the existing built up area of Baildon to the south east of the Settlement. The site is located to the within green belt parcel 19.

Map (Parcel and Site Boundary): Aerial (Site Boundary): PDL Status: PDL Accessibility: TBC Aerial (Site Boundary): SA Score: TBC

Strategic Parcel Assessment	Strategic Parcel Assessment Results:					
Parcel Reference:	019	Overall Rating:	Moderate			
Purpose 1: To check the unrestricted sprawl of large built-up areas.	Purpose 2: To prevent neighbouring towns merging into one another.	Purpose 3: To assist in safeguarding the countryside from encroachment.	Purpose 4: To preserve the setting and special character of historic towns.	Purpose 5: To assist in urban regeneration, by encouraging the recycling of derelict and other urban land.		
Major	Moderate	Moderate	low	Moderate		
Site Specific Assessment Resi	ults:					
Assessment Summary:						
Purpose 1: To check the unrestricted sprawl of large built-up areas.	Purpose 2: To prevent neighbouring towns merging into one another.	Purpose 3: To assist in safeguarding the countryside from encroachment.	Purpose 4: To preserve the setting and special character of historic towns.	Purpose 5: To assist in urban regeneration, by encouraging the recycling of derelict and other urban land.		
The site is connected to Lower Baildon, which is defined as a large built up area. The site is connected along one boundary and is	The existing inner Green Belt boundary is a strong boundary (Otley Road). Based on existing outer boundaries the site would provide a mixed boundary (weak boundary and entirely undefined) which would	The site consists land in business use and areas of trees adjoining the urban area. The majority of the site comprises of business uses with significant built form on site.	The site is separated from the Shipley/Saltaire historic core by post WW2 development. It does not play a role in supporting the character or views into and out of the historic core as there are no views from the site to the historic core due	All sites are considered to score moderately against Purpose 5.		

therefore poorly contained by the existing urban area. The site has strong inner boundary comprised of a main road (Otley Road) Therefore, the site makes a major contribution to this criterion.	provide less durability than the existing inner boundary. The site is within a parcel that forms a largely essential gap between Lower Baildon (Bradford) and Guiseley where limited development may be possible without significant risk of towns merging. The site is adjacent a road (Otley road) where the Green Belt has resisted ribbon development in part towards a neighbouring town with no inter visibility between the towns due to topography and existing landscape features. The green belt in this location plays a moderate role in preventing neighbouring towns from merging.	The site therefore plays a low role in safeguarding the countryside from encroachment.	to topography and landscape features.	
Major	Moderate	low	Low	Moderate
Overall Summary of Purpose Assessment:	Based on planning judgement purposes.	the site performs a <u>moderate</u> r	ole overall when assessed agair	ast the NPPF Green Belt

Boundary Strength - Existing (inner) Boundary: (Strong: defensible boundary; Moderate: less defensible boundary; Weak: boundaries lacking in durability; Entirely Undefined)	Strong: defensible boundary	The existing inner Green Belt boundary is a strong defensible boundary in the form of a main road.
Boundary Strength – Potential new boundary (based on the full extent of the site): (Strong: defensible boundary; Moderate: less defensible boundary; Weak: boundaries lacking in durability; Entirely Undefined)	Weak: boundaries lacking in durability (Mix of Weak: boundaries lacking in durability; Entirely Undefined)	If the site were developed and removed from the Green Belt, there would be potential to create weak boundaries (field boundaries, changes in landscape type/features), which would provide less durability than the existing inner green belt boundary. Parts of the boundaries to the west, east and south are entirely undefined. The site and adjoining Green Belt land to the east comprise of open fields and golf driving range to the west. There are some existing landscape features which could be used to create a new boundary. The use of landscape buffers may therefore be appropriate in this location.
Boundary Strength – could an alternative site boundary be drawn to produce a potentially stronger or more logical Green Belt boundary?:	N/A	There are no existing features within the site which could be used to define a stronger boundary than the proposed site boundary.

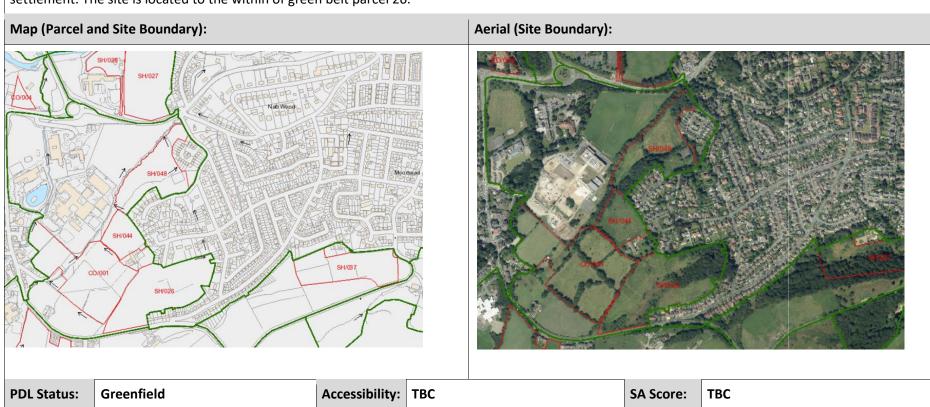
(Strong: defensible boundary; Moderate: less defensible boundary; Weak: boundaries lacking in durability; Entirely Undefined)	
Potential for Sprawl:	The site is connected to the urban area of lower Baildon along one boundary on the south western side of the settlement. The site is therefore poorly contained by the existing urban area. Development of the site would breach a strong existing (inner) green belt boundary The site's existing outer boundaries are weak and entirely undefined in part that are considered to have low potential to resist further unrestricted sprawl. The site would be an extension of Baildon to the South. The development would extend beyond the existing settlement boundaries. Development of the site therefore has major potential for unrestricted sprawl into the wider Green Belt to the west of the site.
Impact on Openness:	This site consists of previously developed and open land with areas of trees. There is significant existing built form on the site. Due to topography and existing landscape features there are some moderate views from (and into) the site across the wider Green Belt and beyond. The site is partly visible from the main road of Otley Road. Development of the site would have a moderate local impact on openness in this location and moderate impact on the openness of the wider strategic Green Belt. Moderate
Opportunities for compensatory improvement to the environmental	There are green infrastructure corridors running adjacent the site, which may present an opportunity to provide greater access and improvements to the wider Green Belt. There are also a number of biodiversity assets and habitat network (Wetland habitat network region) to the south within the green belt in close proximity which could be enhanced through improvements to the surrounding Green Belt land.

quality and accessibility of the Green Belt:	
Site Specific Assessment Summary – Impact on the Green Belt:	Purposes: This site performs a moderate role against the purposes of including land within the Green Belt. It performs a low role in safeguarding the countryside from encroachment. It performs a major role in checking unrestricted sprawl, low role in preserving the setting and special character of historic towns and moderate role in preventing neighbouring towns from merging into one another. Sprawl: The site is connected to the settlement along one boundary and is poorly contained by the existing urban area. Development of the site would breach a strong existing (inner) green belt boundary. There is limited potential for a new defensible boundary to be created using existing landscape features if this site was to be developed, which would be unlikely to resist sprawl. The site would therefore have major potential further sprawl into the wider Green Belt. Openness: The site performs a low local role in terms of the openness of the Green Belt with significant built form on-site and moderate role in regards to the wider strategic Green Belt with moderate views across to (and from) the wider landscape due to topography and existing landscape features. Boundary Strength. The existing (inner) Green Belt boundary is a strong defensible boundary. The site's outer boundaries are weak and are entirely undefined in part and would require a new green belt boundary to be created. The use of landscape buffers maybe appropriate in this location. Compensatory Improvements: There are opportunities for improvements to be made to the surrounding Green Belt — particularly in terms of improving GI links to the wider Green Belt that are through and adjacent the site and the biodiversity assets that are in close proximity in the surrounding Green Belt land.
Overall Conclusion:	The site is located in a <u>moderate</u> Green Belt Parcel and: Based on planning judgement the site has a <u>moderate</u> potential impact on the Green Belt.

Site Specific Green Belt Assessment							
Site Reference:	SH/044	Site Name: Glenview Close Nab Wood Size (ha): 1.8				1.8	
Sub Area:	Regional City of Bradford			Settlement:	Shipley		

Site Description:

The site consists of open sloping grassland bounded by mature trees. The southern part of the site slopes down from south to north. There is an education use and open fields to the west and existing residential uses to the east. The site adjoins the existing built up area of Shipley to the west of the settlement. The site is located to the within of green belt parcel 26.



Strategic Parcel Assessment Results:						
Parcel Reference:	026	Overall Rating:	Moderate			
Purpose 1: To check the unrestricted sprawl of large built-up areas.	Purpose 2: To prevent neighbouring towns merging into one another.	Purpose 3: To assist in safeguarding the countryside from encroachment.	Purpose 4: To preserve the setting and special character of historic towns.	Purpose 5: To assist in urban regeneration, by encouraging the recycling of derelict and other urban land.		
Major	Moderate	Moderate	Low	Moderate		
Site Specific Assessment Resu	ılts:					
Assessment Summary:						
Purpose 1: To check the unrestricted sprawl of large built-up areas.	Purpose 2: To prevent neighbouring towns merging into one another.	Purpose 3: To assist in safeguarding the countryside from encroachment.	Purpose 4: To preserve the setting and special character of historic towns.	Purpose 5: To assist in urban regeneration, by encouraging the recycling of derelict and other urban land.		
The site is connected to Shipley, which is defined as a large built up area. The site is connected to Shipley along one boundary and is therefore poorly contained by the existing urban area.	The existing inner Green Belt boundary is a weak boundary lacking durability (existing development) Based on existing outer boundaries the site would provide a mixed boundary (moderate and weak boundaries comprised continuous band of trees and	The site consists of open land and areas of trees adjoining the urban area. The site comprises of countryside uses with no built form on site. The site therefore plays a major role in safeguarding the countryside from encroachment.	The site is separated from the Shipley/Saltaire historic core by post WW2 development. It does not play a role in supporting the character or views into and out of the historic core as there are no views from the parcel to the historic core	All sites are considered to score moderately against Purpose 5.		

Overall Summary of Purpose Assessment:	Based on planning judgement		overall when assessed against th	ne NPPF Green Belt purposes.
Major	Moderate	Major	Low	Moderate
	merging.			
	neighbouring towns from			
	location plays a moderate role in preventing			
	The green belt in this			
	'			
	landscape features.			
	between the towns due to topography and existing			
	moderate inter visibility			
	a neighbouring town with			
	ribbon development towards			
	Green Belt has resisted			
	(Bradford Road) where the			
	adjacent a main road			
	distance between towns. The site is not			
	the perceived or actual			
	would significantly reduce			
criterion.	Cottingley as development			
contribution to this	between Shipley and			
site makes a major	that forms an essential gap			
boundaries. Therefore, the	The site is within a parcel			
existing development with soft, irregular or inconsistent	durability.			
boundary comprised of	which would provide similar durability.			
The site has weak inner	existing development/track),			

Boundary Strength - Existing (inner) Boundary: (Strong: defensible boundary; Moderate: less defensible boundary; Weak: boundaries lacking in durability; Entirely Undefined)	Weak: boundaries lacking in durability	The existing inner Green Belt boundary is a weak boundary in the form of rear gardens of existing development with soft, irregular or inconsistent boundaries
Boundary Strength – Potential new boundary (based on the full extent of the site): (Strong: defensible boundary; Moderate: less defensible boundary; Weak: boundaries lacking in durability; Entirely Undefined)	Mixed Moderate: less defensible boundary Weak: boundaries lacking in durability	If the site were developed and removed from the Green Belt, there would be potential to create moderate boundaries to the north and west (existing continuous landscape features) and weak boundary to the south, which would provide similar durability to the existing inner green belt boundary. The site and adjoining Green Belt land to the north and west comprise of open fields and school use and there are some existing landscape features (continuous tree belts) which could be used to create a new boundary. There is no major change in topography or landform along the outer boundary to the west. The use of landscape buffers may therefore be appropriate in this location
Boundary Strength – could an alternative site boundary be drawn to produce a potentially stronger or more logical Green Belt boundary?: (Strong: defensible boundary; Moderate: less defensible boundary; Weak: boundaries lacking in durability; Entirely Undefined)	N/A	There are no existing features within the site which could be used to define a stronger boundary than the existing Green Belt boundary

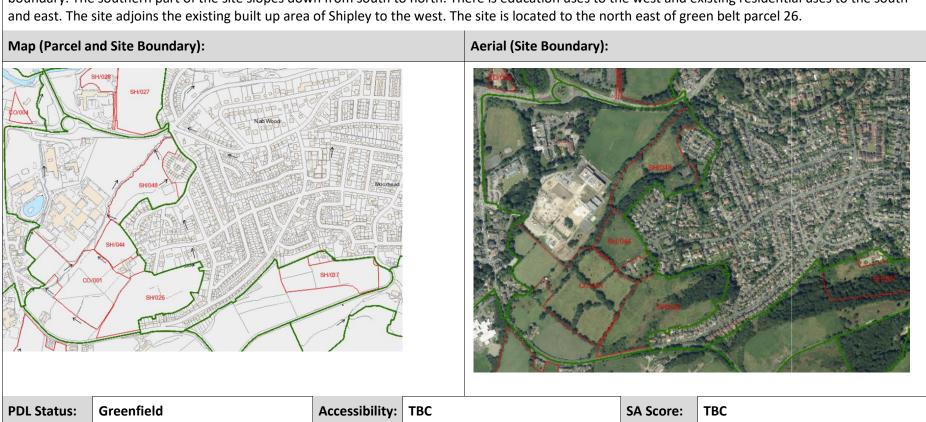
Potential for Sprawl:	The site is connected to the urban area of Shipley along one boundary on the western side of the settlement. The site is therefore poorly contained by the existing urban area. Development of the site would breach a weak existing (inner) green belt boundary. The site's existing (outer) boundaries to the north and west are a moderate boundary, which could potentially use existing landscape features to create a new defensible boundary along this edge, The site would be an extension of Shipley to the west and would nearly join with the school buildings washed over by the Green belt to the west. The development would not extend beyond the existing settlement boundaries to the north or south. Development of the site therefore has moderate potential for unrestricted sprawl into the wider Green Belt to the west of the site.
	Moderate
Impact on Openness:	This site consists of undeveloped/open land with areas of trees. There is no built form on the site. Due to topography and existing landscape features there are moderate views from (and into) the site across the wider Green Belt and beyond. The site is not visible from the main road of the A65. Development of the site would have a major local impact on openness in this location.
	Major
Opportunities for compensatory improvement to the environmental quality and accessibility of the Green Belt:	There are green infrastructure corridors and PROW running through and adjacent the site, which may present an opportunity to provide greater access and improvements to the wider Green Belt. There are also a number of biodiversity assets (TPO Woodland) within the green belt in close proximity which could be enhanced through improvements to the surrounding Green Belt land.
Site Specific Assessment Summary – Impact on the Green Belt:	Purposes: This site performs a major role against the purposes of including land within the Green Belt. It performs a major role in safeguarding the countryside from encroachment. It performs a major role in checking unrestricted sprawl, minor role in preserving the setting and special character of historic towns and moderate role in preventing neighbouring towns from merging into one another.

	Sprawl: The site is connected to the settlement along one boundary and is poorly contained by the existing urban area. Development of the site would breach a weak existing (inner) green belt boundary. There is potential for a new moderate boundary to be created to the north and west using existing landscape features if this site was to be developed, which would be likely to resist sprawl. The site would therefore have moderate potential further sprawl into the wider Green Belt. Openness: The site performs a major local role in terms of the openness of the Green Belt with no built form on-site and with moderate views across to (and from) the wider landscape due to topography and existing landscape features. Boundary Strength. The existing (inner) Green Belt boundary is a weak boundary lacking durability. The site's northern and western boundary could form a moderate Green Belt boundary using existing landscape features. Compensatory Improvements: There are opportunities for improvements to be made to the surrounding Green Belt — particularly in terms of improving PROW and GI links to the wider Green Belt to the west that are adjacent the site and the biodiversity assets that are in close proximity in the surrounding Green Belt land.
Overall Conclusion:	The site is located in a <u>moderate</u> Green Belt Parcel and: Based on planning judgement the site has a <u>major</u> potential impact on the Green Belt.

Site Specific Green Belt Assessment Site Reference: SH/048 Site Name: New Close Road, Nabwood Size (ha): 4.12 Sub Area: Regional City of Bradford Settlement: Shipley

Site Description:

The site consists of open grassland with large areas of mature trees and former school recreation area, with a beck running along the north western boundary. The southern part of the site slopes down from south to north. There is education uses to the west and existing residential uses to the south and east. The site adjoins the existing built up area of Shipley to the west. The site is located to the north east of green belt parcel 26.



Strategic Parcel Assessment Results:						
Parcel Reference: 026		Overall Rating:	Moderate			
unrestricted sprawl of large built-up areas. neighbouring towns merging into one another.		Purpose 3: To assist in safeguarding the countryside from encroachment.	Purpose 4: To preserve the setting and special character of historic towns.	Purpose 5: To assist in urban regeneration, by encouraging the recycling of derelict and other urban land.		
Major	Moderate	Moderate	Low	Moderate		
Site Specific Assessment Resu	Site Specific Assessment Results:					
Assessment Summary:						
Purpose 1: To check the unrestricted sprawl of large built-up areas.	Purpose 2: To prevent neighbouring towns merging into one another.	Purpose 3: To assist in safeguarding the countryside from encroachment.	Purpose 4: To preserve the setting and special character of historic towns.	Purpose 5: To assist in urban regeneration, by encouraging the recycling of derelict and other urban land.		
The site is connected to Shipley, which is defined as a large built up area. The site is connected to Shipley along two boundaries and is therefore not strongly contained by the existing urban area. The existing inner Green Belt boundary is a mixed moderate boundary (roads and existing development) Based on existing outer boundaries the site would provide a moderate boundary (continuous band of trees and Beck), which		The site consists of open land and areas of trees adjoining the urban area. The site comprises of countryside uses with no built form on site. The site therefore plays a major role in safeguarding the countryside from encroachment.	The site is separated from the Shipley/Saltaire historic core by post WW2 development. It does not play a role in supporting the character or views into and out of the historic core as there are no views from the parcel to the historic core	All sites are considered to score moderately against Purpose 5.		

Overall Summary of Purpose Assessment:	Based on planning judgement the site performs a <u>major</u> role overall when assessed against the NPPF Green Belt purposes.			
Major	Moderate	Major	Low	Moderate
road) and weak existing (inner) boundary to the urban area which is comprised existing development with soft, irregular or inconsistent boundaries. Therefore, the site makes a major contribution to this criterion.	The site is within a parcel that forms an essential gap between Shipley and Cottingley as development would significantly reduce the perceived or actual distance between towns. The site is not adjacent a road where the Green Belt has resisted ribbon development towards a neighbouring town with limited inter visibility between the towns due to topography and existing landscape features. The green belt in this location plays a moderate role in preventing neighbouring towns from merging.			
The site has mixed inner boundary comprised of a strong boundary (New Close	would provide similar durability.			

Boundary Strength - Existing (inner) Boundary: (Strong: defensible boundary; Moderate: less defensible boundary; Weak: boundaries lacking in durability; Entirely Undefined)	Moderate: less defensible boundary Mix of Strong: defensible boundary and Weak: boundaries lacking in durability	The existing inner Green Belt boundary is a moderate less defensible boundary comprised of rear gardens of existing development with soft, irregular or inconsistent boundaries and a road.
Boundary Strength – Potential new boundary (based on the full extent of the site): (Strong: defensible boundary; Moderate: less defensible boundary; Weak: boundaries lacking in durability; Entirely Undefined)	Moderate: less defensible boundary	If the site were developed and removed from the Green Belt, there would be potential to create moderate boundaries to the north and west (strongly defined landscape features), which would provide similar durability to the existing inner green belt boundary. The site and adjoining Green Belt land to the north and west comprise of open playing fields and school use and there are existing landscape features which could be used to create a new boundary. The use of landscape buffers may therefore be appropriate in this location
Boundary Strength – could an alternative site boundary be drawn to produce a potentially stronger or more logical Green Belt boundary?: (Strong: defensible boundary; Moderate: less defensible boundary; Weak: boundaries lacking in durability; Entirely Undefined)	N/A	There are no existing features within the site which could be used to define a stronger boundary than the existing Green Belt boundary

Potential for Sprawl:	The site is connected to the urban area of Shipley along two boundaries on the western side of the settlement. The site is therefore not strongly contained by the existing urban area. Development of the site would breach a moderate mixed existing (inner) green belt boundary. The site's existing outer boundaries to the north and west are a moderate boundary which could potentially use existing landscape features to create a new defensible boundary along this edge that may resist unrestricted sprawl. The site would be an extension of Shipley to the west and would nearly join with the school buildings washed over by the Green belt to the west. The development would not extend beyond the existing settlement boundaries to the north or south.	
	Development of the site therefore has moderate potential for unrestricted sprawl into the wider Green Belt to the west of the site.	
	Moderate	
Impact on Openness:	This site consists of undeveloped/open land with areas of trees. There is no built form on the site. Due to topography and existing landscape features there are limited views from (and into) the site across the wider Green Belt and beyond. The site is not visible from the main road of the A65. Development of the site would have a major local impact on openness in this location.	
	Major	
Opportunities for compensatory improvement to the environmental quality and accessibility of the Green Belt:	There are green infrastructure corridors and a PROW running adjacent the site, which may present an opportunity to provide greater access and improvements to the wider Green Belt. There are also a number of biodiversity assets (TPO Woodland) within the green belt in close proximity which could be enhanced through improvements to the surrounding Green Belt land.	
Site Specific Assessment Summary – Impact on the Green Belt:	role in safeguarding the countryside from encroachment. It performs a major role in checking unrestricted sprawl,	

	Sprawl: The site is connected to the settlement along two boundaries and is not strongly contained by the existing urban area. Development of the site would breach a moderate mixed existing (inner) green belt boundary. There is potential for a new moderate boundary to be created to the north and west using existing features if this site was to be developed, which would be likely to resist sprawl. The site would therefore have moderate potential further sprawl into the wider Green Belt. Openness: The site performs a major local role in terms of the openness of the Green Belt with no built form on-site and with limited views across to (and from) the wider landscape due to topography and existing landscape features. Boundary Strength. The existing (inner) Green Belt boundary is a moderate less defensible boundary. The site's northern and western boundary could form a moderate Green Belt boundary using existing landscape features. Compensatory Improvements: There are opportunities for improvements to be made to the surrounding Green Belt — particularly in terms of improving PROW and GI links to the wider Green Belt to the west that are through and adjacent the site and the biodiversity assets that are in close proximity in the surrounding Green Belt land.
Overall Conclusion:	The site is located in a <u>moderate</u> Green Belt Parcel and:
	Based on planning judgement the site has a <u>major</u> potential impact on the Green Belt.

Isolated and Detached Site Assessment

Site Reference	Site Name	Isolated OR Detached	Comments	Мар
SH/028	Main Street	Detached	The site is detached from the main urban area of Shipley. Development of the site would result in an area of green belt that is detached from the main settlement boundary. It is therefore considered development of the site would have a major potential impact on the purposes of green belt and risk unrestricted sprawl. Therefore, a full site specific Green Belt assessment has not been carried out. It could only come forward as part of a larger green belt release alongside the adjacent site SH/027 Overall Conclusion The site is located in a moderate green belt parcel and based on planning judgement the site has a major potential impact on the Green Belt.	Butted at the